GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR | MARCH 1980 | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

February Data

TRADE AND MANUFACTURING INDICATE VOLATILE CHANGES

Georgia employment in February 1980 reflected a gain of 9,000 people over January's estimate. With inflation soaring, credit going sour, housing becoming harder to get, prices rising, and a recession hanging over the country, it is surprising to find that employment has increased. However, there were a number of volatile changes recorded in the estimates this month.

After a long slump in automobile manufacturing, General Motors has recalled about 2,300 workers in the Doraville plant. These workers were laid off in November of last year. This could be a sign that the auto industry is picking up, even though national car sales dropped 8.4 percent in early March, with GM only decreasing 2.8 percent (*Atlanta Constitution*, March 14, 1980).

Trade was the only sector to register a decline in employment. This decrease was centered in the retail segment. Although consumer spending in February showed little sign of recession, the figures, when compared to one year ago, do indicate a slowing trend. Retail sales dropped 0.7 percent in February, which is what led to the drop in employment. The decrement was cited in department stores, gasoline service stations, clothing stores, sporting goods stores, and mail order houses. Nevertheless, retail trade was not a clean sweep of declines. Food stores and eating and drinking establishments increased in February. A few of the retail grocers have placed price ceilings on some of their items. One such grocer, Alterman Foods, Incorporated, operators of Food Giant and Big Apple Supermarkets in Georgia and Alabama, placed a 30-day voluntary price freeze on about 3,000 items. Grand Union Company imposed a 30-day freeze on its private-label items which are sold in Colonial Stores and Big Star Supermarkets. This was done in an effort to curb inflation.

CONSTRUCTION LIKELY TO DECLINE

It is expected that construction will be adversely affected by the continually rising interest rate on loans. Single-family housing permits issued in Atlanta in January and February totaled about 2,300, an increase of over 300 from last year. Multifamily unit permits decreased considerably, dropping from 1,300 for last year to 200 for the first two months in 1980. Presently, mortgage loans in Atlanta have risen to the 13¾-to-15¾ percent range. With mortgage rates constantly rising, construction is likely to slow even more. To offset mortgage rates, Georgia-Pacific Corporation announced that it will underwrite 8½ percent interest on mortgage loans for 400 employees that will be relocating to its new corporate headquarters in Atlanta in 1982 (*Atlanta Constitution*, March 19, 1980).

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

ATLANTA SUPPLIES TWO INNOVATIVE ITEMS

Two innovative products have recently been associated with Atlanta. They are 3-dimensional cameras and fiber optic connectors.

Nimslo Technology, Incorporated, an Atlanta development company, plans to market a 3-D camera, which uses standard 35mm color print film. The "quadralens" camera will be produced by Timex, Incorporated, at a plant in Dundee, Scotland. The estimated retail cost of the camera will be in the $200 price range.

Another product, fiber optic connectors, will be manufactured by Western Electric at its Norcross plant in suburban Atlanta. Fiber optic connectors are glass wires that will be used to carry "lightwave" data. The primary users will be telephone companies because it is cheaper and can transmit 10,000 times as many conversations through a single hair-thin fiber as through a copper wire and it eliminates electro-magnetic interference. Western Electric will build a 50,000 square-foot light-guide cable production facility in Norcross to be completed in mid-1980.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

DISTRIBUTION CENTER FOR DEKALB COUNTY

Marshall's, Incorporated, a Woburn, Massachusetts-based retailer, intends to build an $8-10 million distribution center in Snapfinger Woods Industrial Park in DeKalb County. Construction is slated for later this year on the 500,000 - 700,000 square-foot facility. Once completed, the center is expected to employ several hundred people.

LAGRANGE TO GET PARTS PLANT

Goetze AG, a West German supplier of autmobile engine parts, plans to build a $10 million plant in LaGrange. Construction of the 100,000 square-foot building will be completed in early 1981. The plant will produce cylinder head gaskets and will employ 200 people.

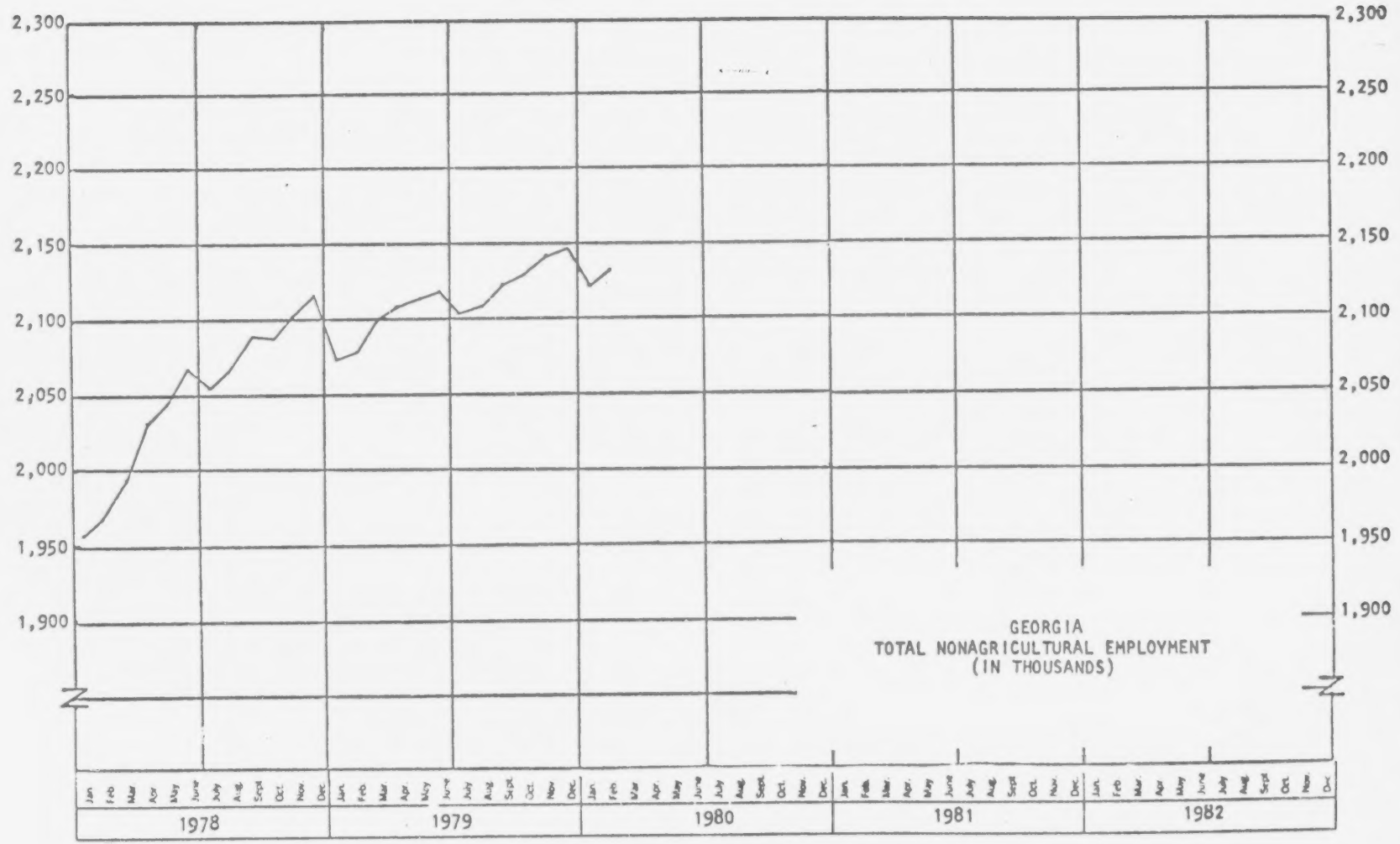
OLD SCHOOL BECOMES HATCHERY

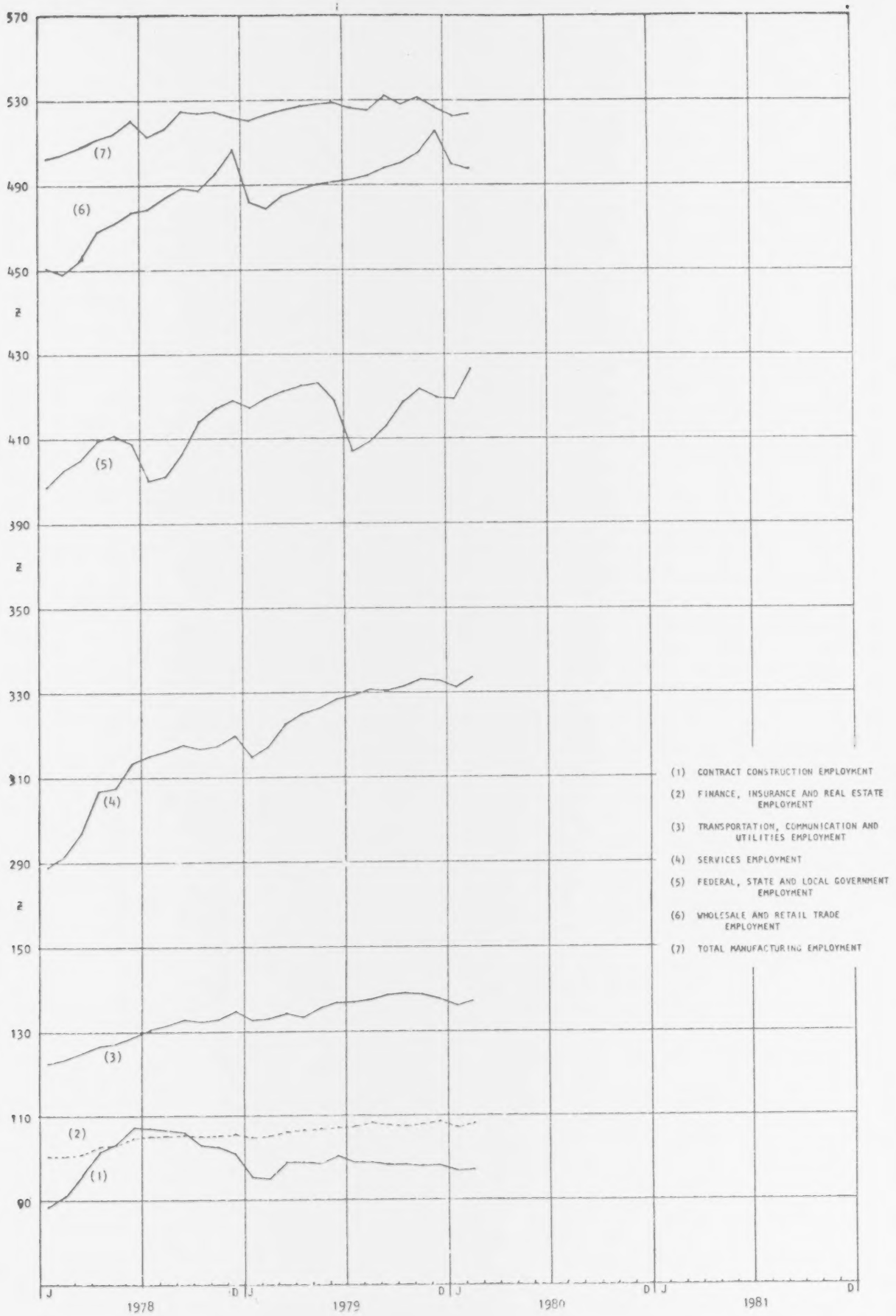
Headquarters and a hatchery facility with the capacity to raise 1.5 million chickens annually is to be established in Hall County by the Institut de Selection Animale. The French firm's location will be on the site of an old school building near Gainesville.

FOOD-SERVICE FIRM TO BE LOCATED IN COBB

Development of the Cumberland Business Park was begun by Cochran Management Corporation. The 70-acre site is located across from Dobbins Air Force Base. The development's 14 sites will include headquarters for Sands and Company, a Southeastern food-service firm. The 50,000 square-foot facility will cost $1.6 million and is to be completed by November.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.


2,300
2,250
2,200
2,150
2,100
2,050
2,000
1,950
1,900
GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982


570
530
490
450
430
410
390
350
330
310
290
270
150
130
110
90
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
J
D
J
D
J
D
J
D
1978
1979
1980
1981
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO * FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,132.4	2,123.4	2,080.2	9.0	52.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	524.7	523.0	523.1	1.7	1.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	184.2	182.0	181.9	2.2	2.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	31.0	30.5	29.9	.5	1.1
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.9	15.6	15.3	.3	.6
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	10.0	9.7	10.1	.3	.1-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.2	7.0	7.5	.2	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.3	18.4	17.6	.1-	.7
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	17.0	16.9	16.5	.1	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.4	21.3	21.3	.1	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.7	22.6	21.5	.1	1.2
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.8	19.9	19.1	.1-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.9	31.4	34.3	1.5	1.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.2	11.3	11.6	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400019	340.5	341.0	341.3	.5-	.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.8	57.1	56.7	.3-	.1
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.7	21.3	20.9	.4	.8
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	16.0	15.6	15.1	.4	.9
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	8.9	9.3	9.1	.4-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	120.4	121.9	123.6	1.5-	3.2-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.6	29.7	30.0	.1-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.5	4.5	5.1	.0	.6-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.2	9.1	8.6	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	32.2	32.5	33.7	.3-	1.5-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.4	25.7	25.5	1.3-	1.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.5	74.5	74.8	1.0	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.5	40.2	40.5	.3	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.9	22.4	23.2	.5	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.9	27.8	27.3	.1	.6
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.3	13.3	.1-	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.9	6.6	.1-	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.5	23.1	22.3	.4	1.2
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.3	8.1	7.9	.2	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.7	16.2	.0	.5
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.3	17.5	18.0	.2-	.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	030060	1,607.7	1,600.4	1,557.0	7.3	50.7
MINING	100005	7.6	7.5	7.5	.1	.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	230005	96.9	96.8	94.9	.1	2.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.2	137.0	133.1	.2	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	530015	82.2	82.2	80.6	.0	1.6
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	34.9	34.8	33.3	.1	1.6
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.0	19.2	.1	.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.1	498.4	479.3	1.3-	18.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.5	159.2	152.3	.3	7.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.3	99.1	92.4	.2	6.9
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.2	60.1	59.9	.1	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	338.6	340.2	327.1	1.6-	11.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	730005	108.1	107.8	105.1	.3	3.0
FINANCE	760025	46.4	46.5	44.8	.1-	1.6
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.5	39.3	39.0	.2	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.1	21.9	21.3	.2	.8
SERVICES	800005	333.7	331.4	317.3	2.3	16.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	426.2	420.5	419.8	5.7	6.4
FEDERAL	998011	80.5	80.1	82.8	.4	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	345.7	340.3	337.0	5.4	8.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	406.6	405.3	409.8	1.3	3.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	140.0	137.5	140.1	2.5	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	266.7	267.7	269.8	1.0-	3.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.6	40.6	.4-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	101.8	103.9	105.3	2.1-	3.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.5	26.6	27.0	.1-	.5-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.9	3.9	4.3	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.6	7.0	.1	.7
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.7	27.9	28.6	.2-	.9-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.8	22.2	22.2	1.4-	1.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.9	63.1	63.9	.8	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.8	34.4	35.3	.4	.5-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.7	18.3	19.2	.4	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	25.2	24.8	24.7	.4	.5
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.0	8.7	9.0	.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.7	21.8	21.5	.1-	.2
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.3	10.3	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.1	9.9	9.8	.2	.3
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431705	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.8	14.1	.1-	.6
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.4	12.3	12.0	.1	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	17.2	17.2	17.2	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	16.0	15.8	15.2	.2	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.9	12.4	.1-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.1	21.7	25.5	1.4	2.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$223.67	$223.56	$200.97	40.3	40.5	39.1	$5.55	$5.52	$5.14
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$248.46	$246.85	$223.49	40.4	40.6	38.6	$6.15	$6.08	$5.79
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$210.25	$211.29	$189.43	40.2	40.4	39.3	$5.23	$5.23	$4.82
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$211.14	$217.88	$186.35	39.1	40.2	37.8	$5.40	$5.42	$4.93
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$197.18	$196.88	$181.97	41.6	41.8	40.8	$4.74	$4.71	$4.46
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$216.43	$216.57	$192.89	43.2	43.4	42.3	$5.01	$4.99	$4.56
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$219.30	$225.49	$194.32	42.5	43.7	41.7	$5.16	$5.16	$4.66
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$163.56	$161.95	$170.57	41.2	41.0	41.5	$3.97	$3.95	$4.11
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$181.56	$177.72	$175.52	40.8	40.3	39.8	$4.45	$4.41	$4.41
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$198.70	$194.93	$167.86	39.9	39.7	38.5	$4.98	$4.91	$4.36
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$149.78	$149.78	$131.67	36.8	36.8	35.3	$4.07	$4.07	$3.73
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$148.60	$147.42	$135.70	36.6	36.4	35.9	$4.06	$4.05	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$148.47	$149.24	$122.47	36.3	36.4	33.1	$4.09	$4.10	$3.70
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.90	$173.05	$145.16	37.9	38.8	36.2	$4.43	$4.46	$4.01
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$168.26	$185.63	$173.50	35.2	37.2	35.7	$4.78	$4.99	$4.86
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$351.92	$365.80	$312.90	42.4	43.6	42.0	$8.30	$8.39	$7.45
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$406.35	$414.94	$350.68	45.2	45.5	44.0	$8.55	$9.04	$7.97
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$282.08	$280.99	$258.51	43.0	43.7	42.8	$6.56	$6.43	$6.04
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$141.20	$129.18	$153.45	40.0	36.7	45.0	$3.53	$3.52	$3.41
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$253.08	$247.38	$214.73	44.4	43.4	40.9	$5.70	$5.70	$5.25
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$291.81	$290.79	$286.88	41.1	41.9	42.5	$7.10	$6.94	$6.75
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$254.18	$262.14	$222.09	41.6	43.4	39.1	$6.11	$6.04	$5.68
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$249.89	$242.31	$218.04	40.5	39.4	36.4	$6.17	$6.15	$5.99
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$245.94	$238.41	$244.52	43.3	41.9	43.9	$5.68	$5.69	$5.57
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$363.26	$351.62	$306.27	39.7	39.2	36.9	$9.15	$8.97	$8.30

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

FEB 80 — MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(1LT-10M)

GEORGIA — CURR MO= FEB 80 — PREV MO= JAN 80 — CURR MO YR AGO= FEB 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES: TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CHYA	NEW HIRE CURR	NEW HIRE PREV	NEW HIRE CHYA	RECALLS CURR	RECALLS PREV	RECALLS CHYA	SEPARATION RATES: TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CHYA	QUITS CURR	QUITS PREV	QUITS CHYA	LAYOFFS CURR	LAYOFFS PREV	LAYOFFS CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	3.7	3.3	2.7	2.9	2.7	.5	.5	.3	3.4	3.7	3.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	.4	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.0	.6	.5	.2	2.8	3.5	2.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	.7	1.5	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.7	4.0	3.6	3.0	3.1	3.0	.4	.4	.3	3.6	3.7	3.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	.4	.5	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420305	4.6	4.8	3.8	3.2	3.7	2.7	.5	.4	.8	5.0	4.7	4.4	3.0	3.1	2.4	.7	.5	1.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.2	3.7	3.8	2.6	3.0	3.2	.3	.3	.2	3.5	3.6	3.6	2.2	2.2	2.4	.3	.3	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.9	4.4	4.6	3.1	3.3	3.4	.2	.2	.3	3.8	4.1	4.8	2.5	2.5	2.9	.1	.1	.6
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.5	2.8	3.1	2.4	2.6	2.7	.0	.0	.1	2.9	3.1	3.5	1.9	1.9	2.5	.0	.0	.3
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.7	5.8	2.0	3.0	5.2	1.1	.3	.6	.8	3.8	3.9	3.4	2.6	2.8	2.2	.1	.3	.8
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	3.3	2.7	4.2	2.7	2.4	4.0	.4	.1	.1	3.9	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.0	2.3	.4	.8	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.1	3.4	3.2	1.8	2.6	2.8	.2	.5	.2	3.3	3.5	3.4	1.9	2.3	2.3	.5	.0	.3
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.4	5.4	4.3	3.7	4.6	3.9	.6	.6	.3	4.2	4.6	4.4	3.0	3.3	3.2	.4	.5	.5
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.9	4.3	3.6	4.2	3.6	.4	.6	.4	3.9	4.5	4.0	3.1	3.6	2.9	.2	.4	.5
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.9	6.6	5.1	3.8	5.4	4.8	.9	.9	.2	4.3	4.8	5.2	3.4	3.2	3.7	.3	.9	.9
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.8	5.1	5.0	4.4	3.8	4.5	1.4	1.3	.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	2.9	3.3	3.3	.5	.4	.4
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.8	5.6	1.6	4.1	5.3	1.4	.7	.1	.1	6.6	5.7	2.4	3.1	3.5	1.4	2.4	1.5	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	.8	.8	.5	.3	.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	.5	.6	.4	.3	.6	.9
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.1	.6	.9	.6	.4	.4	.5	.1	.4	1.2	2.0	1.1	.2	.4	.2	.6	1.3	.5
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	.8	.0	.2	1.9	1.7	3.4	1.0	.8	1.0	.0	.2	1.9
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	7.3	3.9	3.6	6.4	1.9	3.4	.8	1.4	.2	3.1	3.2	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.7	.5	1.1	.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.0	2.3	2.6	.0	.1	.3	1.7	2.2	1.7	.7	1.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	6.2	2.8	5.1	4.8	2.6	3.2	1.2	.1	.9	6.1	7.6	6.0	2.1	2.8	2.0	.9	3.4	.9
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.9	2.5	3.3	2.8	1.9	2.9	.9	.2	.2	4.4	3.7	3.8	2.7	1.7	2.6	.6	.4	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.4	.9	1.5	.0	.1	.1	1.5	1.2	.8	.6	.6	.4	.3	.1	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.5	3.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	.2	1.3	.1	2.8	3.4	2.9	1.4	1.7	1.4	.9	.8	.7
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.7	1.9	2.3	1	.5	.3	1.6	1.5	2.7	1.1	.9	1.2	.0	.1	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.8	4.2	2.5	1.7	3.8	1.7	.5	.2	.1	2.7	3.7	1.5	.7	1.1	.5	.7	1.7	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.3	2.2	1.2	.9	1.1	.9	.8	.8	.2	.8	3.9	2.0	.4	.6	.6	.1	2.8	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT UP 5,700 IN FEBRUARY

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, estimated at 941,100 in February, rose 5,700 from January and was 29,500 above one year ago. Over-the-month gains occurred in manufacturing, services, and government. Annually, nonmanufacturing industries contributed 94 percent of the increases.

RECALL OF AUTO WORKERS BOOSTS MANUFACTURING

Manufacturing was up 1,800 during the month to an estimated level of 141,600. The return of workers at one automobile assembly plant, following a temporary layoff due to excess inventory, accounted for the increase.

From February 1979, manufacturing employment rose 1,700. Durable and nondurable goods production exhibited gains. Electric and electronic equipment and machinery, except electrical, in the durable goods category and printing and publishing in the nondurables registered the major increases.

SERVICE INDUSTRIES AND GOVERNMENT GAIN

Nonmanufacturing, at 799,500, rose 4,000 from January. The principal gains were in service industries and government. Substantial increments were recorded in membership organizations, hotels, business, medical and health and social services, and amusement and recreation parks. State and local education accounted for all of the advance in government employment.

From February 1979, nonmanufacturing rose 27,800. Service industries and government contributed approximately 73 percent of the increase in jobs over the year in nonmanufacturing industries.

HOUSING PERMITS INCREASE

For the first two months of 1980, single-family housing permits issued in the metro Atlanta area numbered 2,288. This was an increase of 313 over the comparable 1979 period. Multifamily unit permits for the first two months of this year totaled 191, down from 1,341 issued in January and February 1979.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	941.1	935.4	911.6	5.7	29.5
MANUFACTURING	200005	141.6	139.8	139.9	1.8	1.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.2	68.4	69.1	1.8	1.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.3	3.4	.2	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.4	3.7	.1-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	1.9	2.3	.1	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.4	6.8	.3-	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.1	4.9	.1	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.9	7.8	8.1	.1	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.4	.0	.6
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	10.0	8.8	.0	1.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.0	21.1	23.5	1.9	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	71.3	71.5	70.8	.2-	.5
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.8	18.9	18.8	.1-	.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.4	5.0	.0	.4
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.1	3.3	3.5	.2-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.3	7.5	7.2	.2-	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.7	1.7	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.1	10.2	.1	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.5	.0	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.8	7.8	7.7	.0	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.1	15.0	14.5	.1	.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.2	6.1	6.0	.1	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	6.9	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.3	5.3	5.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	799.5	795.5	771.7	4.0	27.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.3	39.4	38.1	1.1-	.2
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.6	85.4	81.5	.2	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.6	56.5	53.9	.1	2.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	260.5	261.1	251.2	.6-	9.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.5	104.7	97.0	.8	8.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.1	71.5	64.8	.6	7.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.4	33.2	32.2	.2	1.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	155.0	156.4	154.2	1.4-	.8

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.5	63.4	62.1	.1	1.4
FINANCE	760025	23.7	23.7	22.7	.0	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.2	25.1	24.8	.1	.4
SERVICES	800055	191.8	188.0	180.9	3.8	10.9
GOVERNMENT	990008	159.8	158.3	157.6	1.5	2.0
FEDERAL	990011	30.0	30.0	32.3	.0	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	996539	129.8	128.2	125.5	1.6	4.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.5	96.7	99.7	1.8	1.2-
DURABLE GOODS	303025	49.4	47.4	50.4	2.0	1.0-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400035	49.1	49.3	49.5	.2-	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.3	11.4	11.4	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.3	6.4	6.2	.1-	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.4	8.4	8.6	.0	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.9	2.7	3.0	.2	.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.7	2.7	3.1	.0	.4-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	5.9	5.8	.1	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426525	2.9	3.0	3.0	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.4	3.6	.1-	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.4	4.9	.3-	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.8	5.7	6.3	.1	.5-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.2	14.4	17.4	1.8	1.2-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.30	$252.70	$229.74	39.8	39.3	38.1	$6.49	$6.43	$6.03
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$288.51	$282.17	$260.68	39.2	39.3	38.0	$7.36	$7.18	$6.86
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.55	$224.40	$197.88	39.6	39.3	38.2	$5.62	$5.71	$5.18
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$205.13	$212.94	$186.42	37.5	39.0	39.0	$5.47	$5.46	$4.78
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$184.63	$187.78	$154.58	39.2	39.7	35.7	$4.71	$4.73	$4.33
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$164.83	$163.82	$150.60	34.7	34.2	37.6	$4.75	$4.79	$4.00
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$171.24	$170.03	$156.08	35.9	34.7	37.7	$4.77	$4.90	$4.14
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$159.13	$159.71	$152.48	31.7	32.2	38.8	$5.02	$4.96	$3.93
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$177.28	$186.22	$142.35	40.2	41.2	34.3	$4.41	$4.52	$4.15
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$196.87	$222.49	$198.14	35.6	40.6	35.7	$5.53	$5.48	$5.55
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$300.88	$304.88	$267.24	42.8	42.7	40.8	$7.03	$7.14	$6.55
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$291.94	$294.87	$260.47	44.3	43.3	42.7	$6.59	$6.81	$6.10
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$235.68	$240.56	$244.75	38.7	39.5	44.5	$6.09	$6.09	$5.50
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$233.64	$236.81	$233.99	39.4	41.4	44.4	$5.93	$5.72	$5.27
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$350.27	$380.17	$363.33	43.9	43.9	43.1	$8.89	$8.66	$8.43
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$225.38	$220.75	$226.97	34.2	33.6	36.2	$6.59	$6.57	$6.27
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$237.15	$223.68	$205.02	41.9	39.8	39.2	$5.66	$5.62	$5.23
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$384.80	$377.10	$330.86	37.8	37.3	35.5	$10.18	$10.11	$9.32

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

FEB 80 — MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= FEB 80 PREV MO= JAN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= FEB 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CMYA	NEW HIRE CURR	NEW HIRE PREV	NEW HIRE CMYA	RECALLS CURR	RECALLS PREV	RECALLS CMYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CMYA	QUITS CURR	QUITS PREV	QUITS CMYA	LAYOFFS CURR	LAYOFFS PREV	LAYOFFS CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.1	.4	.6	.2	2.7	3.4	2.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	.6	1.3	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.1	2.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.3	.4	.6	.2	2.4	3.4	2.0	1.3	1.0	.8	.5	1.8	.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.4	3.0	.4	.5	.3	3.0	3.4	3.3	1.7	1.8	2.2	.6	.7	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	1.4	1.8	1.2	.7	1.5	1.4	.5.	.2	3.3	3.1	2.5	.7	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.4	1.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.1	5.0	4.7	3.9	4.5	4.1	.2	.5	.7	4.1	4.6	4.5	2.7	2.9	3.4	.4	.1	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.2	4.8	5.9	4.1	4.6	4.7	.0	.2	.2	4.0	5.1	5.1	3.8	3.1	3.8	.0	1.1	.7
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.5	.3	.7	.3	.3	.3	.1	.0	.2	1.0	.4	1.0	.3	.3	.1	.5	.0	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.8	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	.1	.7	.3	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	.7	.0	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	3.6	2.5	2.4	3.4	1.6	2.1	.2	.8	.2	2.2	3.1	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.1	.4	1.2	.1
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.3	2.7	2.9	.8	2.4	2.9	.0	.1	.0	1.1	2.7	2.7	.6	1.4	1.4	.0	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.4	.9	1.7	.0	.1	.0	1.1	.8	.8	.3	.5	.4	.3	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.1	3.0	4.5	2.2	2.9	.1	2.0	.0	3.4	2.3	2.9	2.4	.8	2.0	.0	.3	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.7	1.6	.8	1.0	.7	.4	.5	.4	.2	.6	4.6	1.9	.5	.5	.4	.0	3.7	1.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY NONMANUFACTURING DECLINES DUE TO CONSTRUCTION

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was 45,200 in February. This estimate was down 100 from the month of January, primarily due to losses in contract construction. However, over the year, employment was up by 1,800 jobs.

Manufacturing employment, at 11,500, was up 200 from the previous month. The durable goods segment was stable while nondurable goods experienced a gain of 200. Gains were recorded in food products and "other nondurable goods" manufacturing. Over the year, gains were recorded in paper products manufacturing, food, and metals.

Nonmanufacturing, at 33,600, declined by 200 from January. Most of the decline was attributable to losses in contract construction. Over the year, contract construction declined by 1,100 due to the completion of several large construction projects. Increases were recorded in all the other manufacturing divisions except trade. This over-the-year gain in nonmanufacturing offset much of the loss incurred by contract construction.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA DECREASES 200 FROM JANUARY

Employment in the Augusta area declined to 121,500, a loss of 200 jobs. Losses in trade and manufacturing overrode a moderate gain in government. Over the year, an increase of 2,000 jobs was recorded. Trade remained essentially unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the annual rise.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, dropped 100 over the month. Textile mill products lost 100, resulting from less activity among broad woven goods and manufacturers of both cotton and synthetics. "Other durable goods" also declined 100, precipitated by less business among manufacturers of measuring and controlling instruments. Metals and machinery rose 100 with more activity among manufacturers of radio and television receiving equipment as well as garden machinery. "Other nondurable goods" reported a gain of 100, triggered by increased activity in paper and plastics.

Annually, manufacturing recorded an increase of 300 jobs. Stone, clay and glass products rose 100; metals and machinery was up 200. "Other durable goods" increased 100. Food and kindred products was up 100, and "other nondurable goods" increased by 200. Textile mill products lost 200, and apparel declined 100. The losses sustained apparently stem from consumer reluctance in spending for what are usually considered less essential items.

Construction, at 6,300, remained unchanged but gained 100 over the year, buttressed by continuing industrial and commercial building. Housing construction is declining, and the future of this segment of the economy is quite dim. Multiple-occupancy units may become the rule rather than the exception during this decade.

Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but gained 200 annually with increments scattered through most of the division. Trade, at 22,800, dropped 300 as the traditional post-Christmas layoffs continued in retail. This division remained unchanged over the year as wholesale gains nullified retail losses. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, remained the same but rose 100 annually with more business in most segments. Services and mining, estimated at 15,900, recorded no change but reported an increment of 200 over the year with a concentration in services rather than in mining. Government, at 31,000, rose 100 over the month and was up 900 annually. Both subdivisions shared in the recorded gains.

OUTLOOK

Employment will expand in construction later this year as two new manufacturing firms begin erection in the Georgia portion and some additional activity takes place in Carolina. Few other changes are anticipated; however, higher interest rates, runaway inflation, exorbitant energy prices and other negating factors could force a downturn that will make the last recession seem moderate by comparison. Underlying this is an uncertainty about national and international relations with little dissemination of specific information by the national leadership as to definitive directions. The wallowing, wobbling economy somehow teeters and totters onward toward struggling for survival with little actual encouragement.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COMPLETION OF I-185 LOWERS COLUMBUS CONSTRUCTION

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 82,400 from the January estimate. There was a loss of 100 from last month, but an increase of 900 from a year ago. Most of the annual gain was centered in nonmanufacturing, which increased 800.

Employment in the manufacturing industries, at 21,500, was the same as last month's estimate, although there were small offsetting fluctuations. Over the year, manufacturing rose 100.

Contract construction, at 3,600, dropped by 100 workers over the month and declined 400 from February 1979. The loss over the year was attributed to declines in all areas of construction, especially heavy construction, with the completion of I-185 from Columbus to LaGrange.

Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remained unchanged from January and rose 100 from one year ago. Trade employment dropped seasonally 100 workers from last month and declined 800 over the year. The annual decline is attributed to the effects of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained unchanged for both periods of time. Services and miscellaneous employment dropped 100 over the month due to seasonal changes and rose 400 from the preceding year. Government employment gained 200 from last month and increased 1,400 from one year ago due to gains in state and local government. Federal employment dropped 100 from last year.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

SERVICES CAUSE ANNUAL GAIN IN NONMANUFACTURING

In the Macon area, nonagricultural wage and salary, except domestics, totaled 95,100 in February. The current preliminary estimate is down 300 from January and up 400 from February 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a gain in durable goods partially offsetting a loss in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 200 due to reductions in construction; transportation, communications, gas, electric and sanitary services; trade; and finance, insurance and real estate. Services and government enjoyed slight gains.

Annually, manufacturing advanced 700, with durable goods being unchanged and nondurable goods increasing. Nonmanufacturing showed a loss of 300 in finance, insurance and real estate, and government. Transportation, communications, gas, electric and sanitary services advanced, and construction and trade were unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,000, was down 100 from last month and up 700 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods gained 100 with an increase in stone, clay and glass products. Lumber and wood, nonelectrical machinery, and "other durable goods," were unchanged. Nondurable goods declined 200, with decreases in food and textiles. All other segments were unchanged. Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with a gain in "other durable goods" being offset by a loss in lumber and wood. Nondurable goods rose 600, with most of the increase in apparel. Food was down slightly during the year.

Construction, at 4,200, was down from January and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly decrease was in special trades construction. Transportation, communications, gas, electric, and sanitary services, at 4,800, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from February 1979. Much of the annual increase was in transportation. Trade, at 20,100, was unchanged during all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from January and down from February 1979. Insurance and real estate accounted for much of the annual decline. Services, at 16,200, was up 100 from last month and up 500 from a year ago. Most of the monthly increases were in mining. Annually, the gain was made in mining, private education and "covered services." Government, at 28,400, was unchanged from January and down 600 from February 1979. During the month, the federal segment advanced, offsetting a decline in the state and local segment. Annually, the federal segment increased 100, and the state and local segment declined 600. Much of the state and local decrease was due to a cutback in the CETA program.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DOWNSWING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continues to decline. Estimated employment, at 83,800, was down 1,100 over the year and down approximately 2,700 since June of last year.

Estimated employment in manufacturing dropped 500 over the year, with durable goods accounting for most of the loss. Lumber and wood products experienced a decline in employment due to fluctuations in the home building industry. It is doubtful that this sector will gain any of its lost employment until the construction industry gets back on its feet. Transportation equipment was down almost 400 over the year as aircraft, ship-building, and truck assembly suffered losses. While primary metals remained steady and maybe even increased some, fabricated metals lost almost 100 employees over the year.

Nondurable goods remained fairly stable overall, with seasonal gains in chemicals being offset by slight decreases in several other segments.

The nonmanufacturing sector was down almost 500 over the year due to less employment in construction and state and local government. Wholesale trade increased employment over 500 during the year while retail trade during the same period leveled off. Losses in wholesale trade are expected as the consumer boom winds down.

Overall, services increased almost 500 over the year. Automotive repair is on the upswing. With fewer people buying new cars, older cars will need repair. Medical services (not including hospitals), continues to increase after having remained fairly stable almost all of last year. Private education increased over the year with the rise actually taking place in September with the start of the new school season.

The governmental sector is down around 500 even with federal employment increasing around 100. State and local employment accounted for the losses as state education lost employment.

The outlook for employment in the Savannah SMSA remains cautious. Events on the national level appear to be in turmoil. No precise national economic policy to fight inflation appears to be acceptable. Each interest group has its own ideas on what ought to be done. In the end, we may find nothing, or very little, being done.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YAGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.2	45.1	43.4	.1	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.3	10.2	.2	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	359915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.4	9.2	8.4	.2	1.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.2	1.7	.1	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	426005	.5	.5	.6	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.9	4.7	4.4	.2	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000C69	33.6	33.8	33.1	.2-	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	230035	3.2	3.4	4.3	.2-	1.1-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500035	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.8	9.8	9.6	.0	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.3	3.3	3.0	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.5	6.6	.0	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MISC	800055	6.5	6.4	5.9	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	990008	10.0	10.1	9.6	.1-	.4
FEDERAL	990011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	990509	7.2	7.3	6.8	.1-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.5	121.7	119.5	.2-	2.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.5	36.1	.1-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300023	9.6	9.7	9.3	.?-	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.4	2.3	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.9	2.7	.1-	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.8	26.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.3	10.4	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.5	10.4	.1	.2
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.1	85.2	83.4	.1-	1.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.3	6.3	6.2	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	22.1	22.8	.3-	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.6	18.5	.3-	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.5	15.9	15.7	.0	.2
GOVERNMENT	990038	31.0	30.9	30.1	.1	.9
FEDERAL	990811	6.9	6.8	6.4	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	990536	24.1	24.0	23.6	.1	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.4	82.5	81.5	.1-	.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.5	21.5	21.4	.0	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.7	5.7	5.8	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.5	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333035	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.2	.3	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.8	15.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.4	9.3	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	030040	60.9	61.0	60.1	.1-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.7	4.0	.1-	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.6	16.7	17.4	.1-	.8-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.0	14.1	14.7	.1-	.7-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800035	11.4	11.5	11.0	.1-	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.6	20.4	19.2	.2	1.4
FEDERAL	998011	5.7	5.7	5.8	.0	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.9	14.7	13.4	.2	1.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.1	95.4	94.7	.3-	.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.1	15.3	.1-	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.1	5.0	5.1	.1	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324025	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.4	1.5	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335035	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.9	11.1	10.3	.2-	.6
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.8	2.7	.2-	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.9	1.7	.2-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.4	1.9	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.1	79.3	79.4	.2-	.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.3	4.2	.1-	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.8	4.7	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.1	20.1	20.1	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.2	16.1	15.7	.1	.5
GOVERNMENT	990008	28.4	28.4	29.0	.0	.6-
FEDERAL	990011	15.8	15.8	15.9	.2	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	990509	12.5	12.6	13.1	.1-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training A - ministration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.8	84.2	84.9	.4-	1.1-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.2	16.7	.0	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	6.5	.0	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324025	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324205	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337025	2.6	2.7	3.0	.1-	.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.7	4.8	4.7	.1-	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	1.9	1.8	.1	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000040	67.6	67.9	68.2	.3-	.6-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.5	4.5	5.0	.0	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.5	8.7	8.8	.2-	.3-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.5	19.4	.1	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.1	15.1	15.1	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MISC	800055	15.3	15.1	14.8	.2	.5
GOVERNMENT	990000	15.8	16.1	16.3	.3-	.5-
FEDERAL	990011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	990509	13.3	13.5	13.9	.2-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.8	.0	.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.4	4.5	4.8	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.6	3.6	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.3	1.2	.1	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.9	2.2	.1-	.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO JAN 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$308.16	$308.45	$271.51	42.8	42.9	41.2	$7.20	$7.19	$6.59
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$278.70	$273.98	$226.31	42.1	41.2	37.1	$6.62	$6.65	$6.10
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$326.16	$330.44	$301.59	43.2	44.0	43.9	$7.55	$7.51	$6.87
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$180.64	$185.19	$193.64	36.2	36.1	41.2	$4.99	$5.13	$4.70
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$362.93	$367.45	$350.75	42.9	45.1	45.2	$8.46	$8.48	$7.76
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$325.93	$276.48	$229.46	47.1	43.2	38.5	$6.92	$6.40	$5.96
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$326.56	$318.70	$277.17	42.3	42.1	40.7	$7.72	$7.57	$6.81

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From: Revised January 1980	Change From: February 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,343,020	2,316,423	2,296,757	26,597	46,263
Employed	2,220,928	2,196,852	2,175,953	24,076	44,975
Unemployed	122,092	119,571	120,804	2,521	1,288
Rate	5.2	5.2	5.3	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	49,719	49,262	47,655	457	2,064
Employed	46,717	46,415	45,135	302	1,582
Unemployed	3,002	2,847	2,520	155	482
Rate	6.0	5.8	5.3	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	945,591	937,495	924,270	8,096	21,321
Employed	901,154	892,907	878,023	8,247	23,131
Unemployed	44,437	44,588	46,247	-151	-1,810
Rate	4.7	4.8	5.0	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,485	120,427	119,681	58	804
Employed	113,555	113,899	113,199	-344	356
Unemployed	6,930	6,528	6,482	402	448
Rate	5.8	5.4	5.4	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,604	84,195	84,334	409	270
Employed	78,795	78,623	78,526	172	269
Unemployed	5,809	5,572	5,808	237	1
Rate	6.9	6.6	6.9	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	96,153	95,629	96,932	524	-779
Employed	91,024	91,026	91,036	-2	-12
Unemployed	5,129	4,603	5,896	526	-767
Rate	5.3	4.8	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,512	85,212	87,081	300	-1,569
Employed	80,790	80,747	82,123	43	-1,333
Unemployed	4,722	4,465	4,958	257	-236
Rate	5.5	5.2	5.7	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates , not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From Revised January 1980	Change From February 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,485	120,427	119,681	58	804
Employed	113,555	113,899	113,199	-344	356
Unemployed	6,930	6,528	6,482	402	448
Rate	5.8	5.4	5.4	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,111	80,047	79,775	64	336
Employed	75,996	75,851	75,173	145	823
Unemployed	4,115	4,196	4,602	-81	-487
Rate	5.1	5.2	5.8	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	40,374	40,380	39,906	-6	468
Employed	37,559	38,048	38,026	-489	-467
Unemployed	2,815	2,332	1,880	483	935
Rate	7.0	5.8	4.7	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From Revised January 1980	Change From February 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,604	84,195	84,334	409	270
Employed	78,795	78,623	78,526	172	269
Unemployed	5,809	5,572	5,808	237	1
Rate	6.9	6.6	6.9	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,141	66,720	67,085	421	56
Employed	62,880	62,730	62,678	150	202
Unemployed	4,261	3,990	4,407	271	-146
Rate	6.3	6.0	6.6	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,463	17,475	17,249	-12	214
Employed	15,915	15,893	15,848	22	67
Unemployed	1,548	1,582	1,401	-34	147
Rate	8.9	9.1	8.1	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From Revised January 1980	Change From February 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,343,020	2,316,423	2,296,757	26,597	46,263
Employed	2,220,928	2,196,852	2,175,953	24,076	44,975
Unemployed	122,092	119,571	120,804	2,521	1,288
Rate	5.2	5.2	5.3	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,371,637	1,361,968	1,349,348	9,669	22,289
Employed	1,302,676	1,293,858	1,278,381	8,818	24,295
Unemployed	68,961	68,110	70,967	851	-2,006
Rate	5.0	5.0	5.3	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	971,383	954,455	947,409	16,928	23,974
Employed	918,252	902,994	897,572	15,258	20,680
Unemployed	53,131	51,461	49,837	1,670	3,294
Rate	5.5	5.4	5.3	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)
Cost $351.37
Quantity 3.000